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Eastern Europe



Albanian

Bulgarian

Croatian

Hungarian

Czech

Macedonian

Polish

Romanian

Norway

Denmark

Latvia

Lithuania

Belarus

Ukraine

Russia

Moscow

BALTIC SEA

Gulf of Gdansk (POLAND)

Pomeranian Bay

Vistula

Waraw

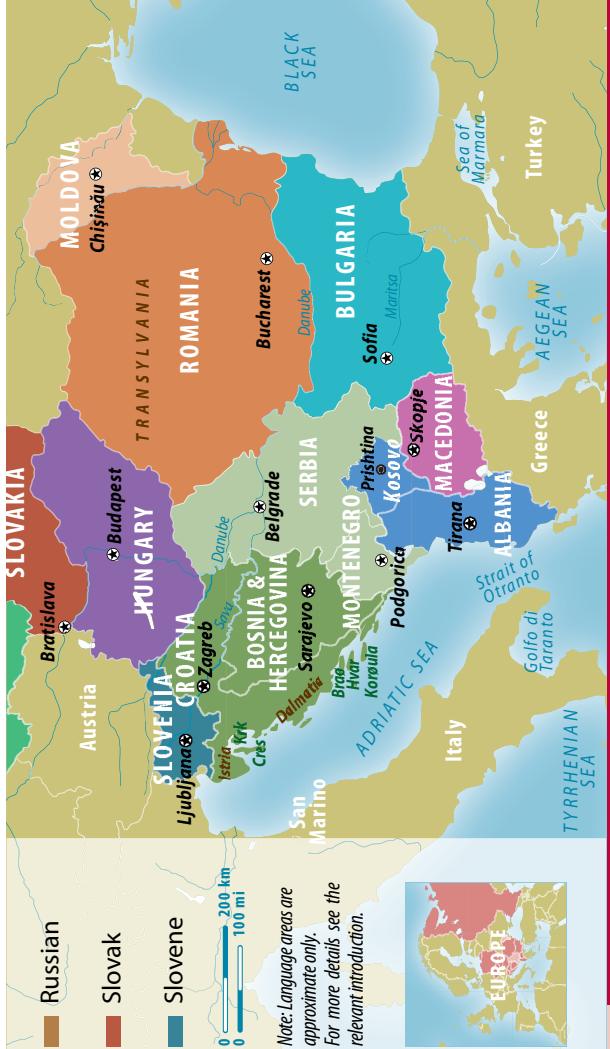
POLAND

Odra

Czarna

Prague

CZECH REPUBLIC



Russian

Ukrainian

Moldovan

Romanian

Bulgarian

Montenegrin

Serbia

Macedonian

Albanian

Greece

Turkey

Sea of Marmara

Aegean Sea

Black Sea

Adriatic Sea

Strait of Otranto

Tyrrenian Sea

Balkans

Asia Minor

Note: Language areas are approximate only.
For more details see the relevant introduction.



eastern europe – at a glance

One of the most rewarding things about travelling through Eastern Europe is the rich variety of cuisine, customs, architecture and history. The flipside of course is that you'll encounter a number of very different languages. Most languages spoken in Eastern Europe belong to what's known as the Indo-European language family, believed to have originally developed from one language spoken thousands of years ago. Luckily for English speakers, most of these languages also use Roman script.

The Slavic languages are a branch of the Indo-European language family and share a large amount of basic vocabulary. They originated north of the Carpathians and are now divided into Eastern (Russian), Western (Czech, Slovak and Polish) and Southern (Bulgarian, Croatian, Macedonian and Slovene) subgroups. The languages traditionally associated with the Orthodox Church (Russian, Bulgarian and Macedonian) use Cyrillic alphabet, while those influenced by the Catholic Church (Czech, Slovak, Polish, Croatian and Slovene) use Roman alphabet. Romanian, the only representative of the Romance languages in Eastern Europe, is more closely related to French, Italian or Spanish. The freedom with which English has borrowed Latin-based vocabulary means you'll quickly recognise many words from Romanian. Albanian forms a single branch of the Indo-European language family. Finally, Hungarian is part of the Ural-Altaic language family, which includes languages spoken from Europe to northeast Asia. Its closest European relative is Finnish.

did you know?

- The European Union (EU) was established by the Maastricht Treaty in 1992. It developed from the European Economic Community, founded by the Treaty of Rome in 1957. Since the 2004 enlargement, it has 25 member states and 20 official languages.
- The EU flag is a circle of 12 gold stars on a blue background – the number 12 representing wholeness.
- The EU anthem is the 'Ode to Joy' from Beethoven's Ninth Symphony.
- Europe Day, 9 May, commemorates the 1950 declaration by French Foreign Minister Robert Schuman which marked the creation of the European Union.
- The euro has been in circulation since E-Day, 1 January 2002. The euro's symbol (€) was inspired by the Greek letter epsilon (ε) – Greece being the cradle of European civilisation and ε being the first letter of the word 'Europe'.
- The Eurovision Song Contest, held each May, has been running since 1956. For the larger part of the competition's history, the performers were only allowed to sing in their country's national language, but that's no longer the case.

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