

Workbook 1



Sarah Lindsay and Wendy Wren



Nelson English

Workbook 1

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Contents

Unit 1	Using Your Senses	4
Unit 2	My Family	8
Unit 3	On the Beach	12
Unit 4	Growing Beans	16
Unit 5	I Like	20
Unit 6	Toys	24
Unit 7	The Gingerbread Man	28
Unit 8	All About Foxes	32
Unit 9	Happy Birthday	36
Unit 10	Growing Up	40
Unit 11	Food Poems	44
Unit 12	Jack and the Special Beans	48
Unit 13	How to Make Ice Lollies	52
Unit 14	Tigers	56
Unit 15	An Old Red Hat	60
	Word Practice	64
	Glossary	72

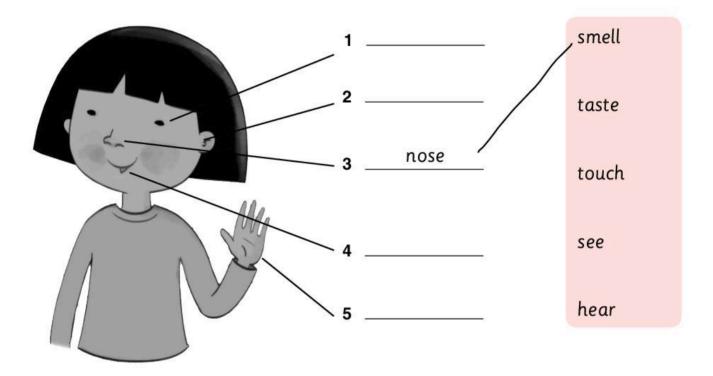
Using Your Senses

Vocabulary

Body words

ears eyes mouth hand nose

A Label the picture with the words from the box.



B Draw a line from the body part to the sense.

Punctuation

Capital letters

Trace the capital letters.

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

- B Write these words in capital letters.
 - 1 hand _____
- 2 boy _____
- 3 tree ______
- 4 dog _____

Spelling

The alphabet

Do you remember the letters of the alphabet? a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z

A Fill in the missing letters.

a b ___ d e f ___ h ___

jklm ___ opqr ___

t u v ___ x y ___

Say the alphabet aloud. It will help you to learn it.



B Which letter comes next?

1 d→___ 2 s→___

3 h → ___

4 u → ___

5 a → ___

60-

7 m — → ___

8 q → ___

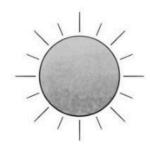
9 y → ___

Write a word that begins with each letter.

The first one has been done to help you.



1 c cat



2 S



3 h



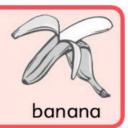
4 b

Grammar

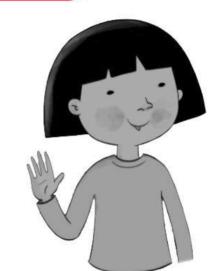
Naming words

Naming words tell us the names of things.

Naming words are called **nouns**.



- Read the sentences.
 Say the naming words.
 - 1 This is my nose.
 - 2 This is my mouth.
 - 3 This is my hand.
 - 4 This is my eye.
 - 5 This is my ear.



B Match the naming words in the box with the pictures.
Write the naming words.

VV	rite the n o	aming wo	oras.		
C	ake	baby	girl	mop	
1			2		
3			4		0000



Using your senses

1 Look at this picture.
Imagine you are in this park.
What can you feel, see, taste, hear and smell?



2 Finish the sentences with your own words. The words in the box might help.

I can smell the _____

The word	s in the D	ox mignt i	ietp.			
water	dog	food	children	rain	tree	
I am in th	ie park.			Eac	h senten h I .	ce begins
I can feel	the					
I can see	the		·			
I can tast	e the					
I can hea	r the					

My Family

Vocabulary

Family words

Read aloud the family words in the word box.
What other family words are there?

mother father grandfather grandmother sister brother

B Label the pictures with the words from the box.

1



2



3



4



5



6



Punctuation

Special naming words

Names of people are special naming words. Special naming words begin with capital letters.



Alisha

A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	
Α	Write
Tal	VVIICE

- 1 your name _____
- 2 your friend's name _____
- 3 the name you would like to be called _____
- 4 the name of a member of your family _____



Adding vowels

These letters are called vowels.

eiou a

Say the vowel letters aloud. How many letters are there?

Circle the vowel letters in these words.

- 1 h(0)t
- 2 run
- 3 win

- 4 big
- 5 s a t
- 6 met

- 7 rat
- 8 c u p
- 9 m e n

B Write the missing vowel letter in each of these words.



2



3



 $d \longrightarrow g$





6



m ___ p



s ____ n

Write five short words.

Each word must have a different vowel.







Grammar

More than one

We add **s** to lots of naming words when we mean **more than one**.



two bikes

three cups

One is **singular**. More than one is **plural**.



A Circle the plural words.

hand girl boys bun mother bikes eyes

cat ball toys shops

B Write the missing plural words.



two _____



three



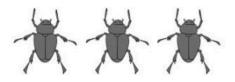
four _____



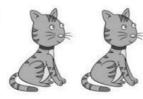
five _____

Write what you can see in each picture.

1



2





Family words

1	Draw a picture of yourself.	
2	Write your name.	1
	Remember to start your name with a capital letter.	
3	Finish these sentences about yourself.	
	Useful words	
	mother father grandfather grandmother sister brother	
	a My name is	
	b I live with my	

UNIT 3

On the Beach

Vocabulary

Hunting for words!

the I a at to we

Always use a capital letter for the word 'I'.



A Look at the sentences.

Circle the words from the box in the sentences.

- 1 (We) feel hot.
- 2 We go to the shop.
- 3 I look at the red ship.
- B Add the missing words from the word box.
 - 1 _____ like ice cream.
 - 2 _____ make ____ sandcastle.
 - 3 _____ use shells from _____ beach.



Punctuation

Capital I

When we write about ourselves, we use **I**. **I** like ice cream.

- Complete each sentence with a capital I.
 - 1 _____ have a bucket and spade.
 - 2 ____ make a sandcastle.
 - 3 _____ use shells from the beach.



sh words

Add sh to the beginning or end of these words.

1



____ell___

2



____elf____

3



____di___

4



_____fi____

- B Fill in the missing sh word.
 - 1 shell or shelf

I like the _____ on the beach.

2 shut or crash

We _____ the door.

3 fish or ship

The _____ swims in the sea.

O How many **sh** words can you think of?

Grammar

Describing words

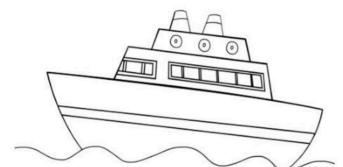
Colour words are describing words.

red blue green

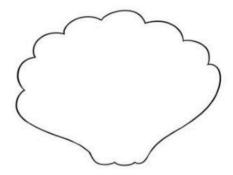
A Finish each sentence with a colour word from the box.

pink red blue yellow

1



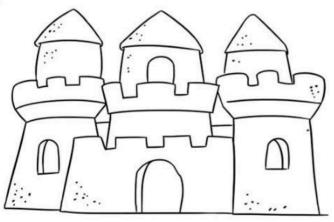
2



I see a r_____ ship.

This is a b_____ shell.

3



1



We make a y_____ sandcastle.

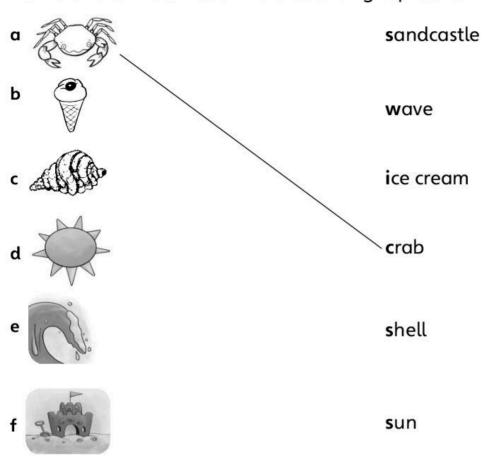
The p_____ ice cream is good.

- B Circle the describing words.
- Colour the pictures to match the describing words.



On the beach

Here are some things you might find on a beach.
 Draw a line to match each word to the right picture.



2 What would you do on the beach?

Draw a picture of you having fun on the beach.

3 Write a caption for your picture.

Write what you are doing on the beach.

UNIT

Growing Beans

Vocabulary

	la construction	MARIO MODERN	onene I o	
Tric	ΚV	WO	ras	ï
	,		. ~-	•

A	Trace and then copy the words.	
---	--------------------------------	--

1 he he

2 we we

3 she she

4 me me

Write he or me or we or she in each sentence.

1 Tuhil says ______ likes beans.

2 His sister says _____ likes beans too.

3 My mum gave _____ some beans.

4 "Can _____ have some beans?" asked Mia and Tom.

Punctuation

Capital letters and full stops

A sentence starts with a capital letter.

A sentence usually ends with a full stop.

Add capital letters and full stops to these sentences.

The first one has been done to help you.

1 We plant the seeds.

2 ___ he bean plants grow___

3 ___ e pick the beans___

4 ___ he beans taste good___

Write a sentence of your own about the bean plant.



nd and ng words

Mrite the full word to go with each picture.

1 l + ong = _____



2 r + ing = _____



3 h + and = _____



- B Draw lines to join the words that rhyme.
 - 1 bend hand
 - 2 sing -send
 - 3 land song
 - 4 long hung
 - 5 rung ring
- Sometimes we add ing to an ng word to show that something is happening now.

This is called a suffix.

Now the word has two ngs!

- Add the ing suffix to each word. The first one has been done to help you.
- 1 sing singing
- 2 sting _____
- **3** bang _____
- 4 hang _____

Grammar

Doing words - present simple tense

Doing words are called Doing words tell us what people, animals verbs. and things can do. plant grow Underline the doing words. 1 He plants the seed. 2 She picks the beans. 3 The leaves grow. 4 We cook the beans. Answer each question with a doing word. 1 What can you do with a ball? _____ 2 What can you do with a cake? _____ 3 What can you do with a pencil? _____ 4 What can you do with a book? _____ 5 What can you do with a bag? _____ Write a sentence using one of the doing words from Activity B.





Bean plants

Write a caption for each picture.
 You could use the words in the box to help.

Remember, captions give	us
more information about	~
a picture than labels.	

	100	-	•					16-
п	C	Ο.		W	10	r	~	C
u	-1		ıu	vv			u	

seeds grow plant boy girl water flowers bigger beans pick small



b _____





d _____



Vocabulary

Weather words

A Draw line to join the weather word with its symbol.





3





rain

snow

sun

wind

- B Add the missing weather words to these sentences.
 - 1 It is hot when the _____ comes out.
 - 2 The ______ blew my ball away!
 - 3 _____ makes puddles.
 - 4 ______falls when it is cold.

Punctuation

Questions and question marks

Some sentences end with a question mark.

These are **asking sentences**.

Do you like the wind?

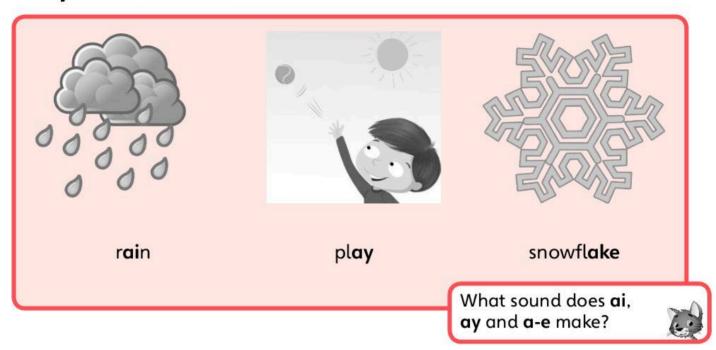
Put full stops at the end of the telling sentences.

Put question marks at the end of the asking sentences.

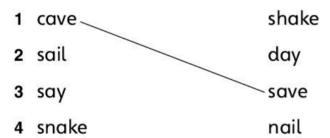
- 1 The hail is howling ___ 2 Is the snow soft ___
- 3 Is the wind wild ____
- 4 I like the rain ___
- 5 Can you see floating fog ___ 6 The sun is scorching ___



ai, ay and a-e words



Oraw lines to join the rhyming words.



- B In each sentence underline the words with ai, ay and a-e.
 - 1 One sunny day I went on a plane.
 - 2 I put a plate with some cake on a tray.
 - 3 I hit a nail in the rail with a spade!
- Write three words with these spelling patterns.

1	ai	pain		
	100	80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 8	57 3r 5 32	N

2 ay ______

Grammar

Describing words

Describing words tell us more about people, places and things.

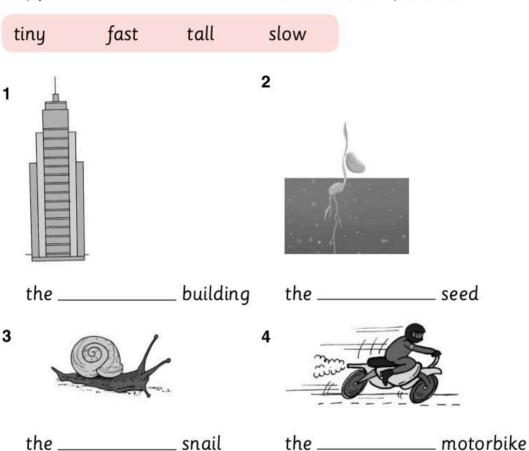
soft snow

scorching sun

Describing words are called **adjectives**.



Copy a word from the box to describe each picture.



Write a describing word and a naming word for each picture.



2



3



4





What do you like?

Draw four things you like.		
a An animal you like	b A food you like	
c A drink you like	d A toy you like	
Write the four things you like	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
Add a describing word to des		
thing, such as:	us more about the	3
soft rabbit	naming word.	6
α		
b		
c		
d		
Finish the sentences.		
Fill the gaps with the things y	ou like.	
I like	,	
I like		
	3	
I like		

UNIT Toys

Vocabulary

Alphabetical order

- Read and sing the alphabet aloud. a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z
- Write the words from the box in alphabetical order.

all not they for all you be said one have

Use the written alphabet to help you order the words.

Punctuation

Spaces between words

To make sentences easier to read we leave spaces between words.

Atoykitefliesintheair. X

A toy kite flies in the air.



- Mrite each sentence with spaces between the words.
 - 1 Ikickedtheballtomyfriend.
 - 2 Thekiteisredandblue.
 - 3 Ihaveputthepuzzletogether.



ll, ff, and ss endings

A Find the ff, ss and ll words hidden in the word grid.

Write each word in the correct list below. The first one is done for you.

С	r	\bigcirc	S	s	y	d
0	р	f	m	e	b	r
f	е	(f/	e	l	h	е
u	t	e	l	l	u	s
s	u	g	l	i	f	s
s	t	р	u	f	f	а

ff words	ss words	ll words
off		
	(-

- B Use the words you have found to help you finish these sentences.
 - 1 I can _____ the cake cooking.
 - 2 My mother likes to _____ me stories.
 - 3 Running made me ______ and _____!
- Write two more words ending in these double letters.

ff		SS	u
<u> 2-</u>	<u></u>	<u>«</u>	. r <u> </u>



Describing words - numbers

Describing words are called adjectives.



Describing words tell us more about people, places and things. Numbers are describing words.				
Everyte	Eure Eure Eure Eure Eure Eure Eure Eure			
one kite	three kites			

Write the numbers in words.

5 _____

10 _____

Onderline the describing word in each sentence.

1 The doll has two eyes.

2 I have three kites.

3 The ball bounced four times. 4 I jumped six times.

Use this number describing word in a sentence of your own.

seven

















Writing a dictionary page

- 1 Choose a topic for your dictionary page.
- 2 Choose **three** words linked to your topic. Each word should begin with a different letter.

Now write the words in alphabetical order.

3 Finish the dictionary page by adding a picture and description for each word.

Dictionary page about	
	e
	3
	<u> </u>
I .	1

The Gingerbread Man

Vocabulary

Words within words

A How many smaller words can you find in each of these words?

Remember, you can fi	no
smaller words in long	er
words.	

For example do and or in the word door.



	write the words.								
	1	stop _	to, top	2	pan	3	chip		
	4	plate		5	beat	6	your		
B	This word has five smaller words in it. Can you find them all?								
	be	ecause							
	_(cause			-				

Punctuation

Capital letters, full stops and question marks

A sentence starts with a capital letter.

A telling sentence ends with a full stop. He ran and ran. Some sentences end with a question mark.

These are asking sentences.

Why did he run?

- Put full stops at the end of the telling sentences. Put question marks at the end of the asking sentences.
 - 1 Who made the gingerbread man ____
 - 2 The gingerbread man ran away ____
 - 3 What did the old woman shout ____
 - 4 The gingerbread man ran and ran ____
- Write a telling sentence about the story.
- Write an **asking sentence** about the story.



Plurals

Remember, we add s to some words when we are talking about more than one thing.



one boy





two boys

But we add es if a word ends with s, x, ch or sh.



one fox



two foxes

A Fill in the missing words.



two_



three_

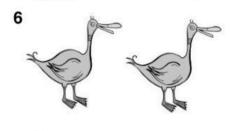


four_____





five _____



two _____

- B Add s or es to each of these words.
 - 1 fox_____ 2 pot____ 3 bush_____
- - 4 sock_____ 5 class_____ 6 match_____
- Label these pictures.



2







three bushes

Doing words - present simple tense of verb to be

Doing words are called verbs.

Verbs come in families.

A special verb family is the verb to be.

singular	plural
I am	we are
you are	you are
he is	they are
she is	
it is	



I am the gingerbread man.

- Moderline the verb to be in each sentence.
 - 1 I am a girl.

- 2 He is a gingerbread man.
- 3 She is an old woman. 4 It is a cat.

- 5 We are boys.
 6 They are happy.
- B Add the missing parts of the verb to be in each sentence.
 - 1 Tom _____ taller than his brother.
 - 2 You two ____ muddy.



- 3 Alisha at the beach.
- 4 The weather _____ wet and cold.



- 5 Kim and I _____ sisters.
- 6 We _____ good at singing.



Writing

Telling a story

Draw arrows to tell the story.

The first one has been done to help you.

Do you remember what happened in *The Gingerbread Man* story?



The old woman baked a gingerbread man.

The gingerbread man jumped out of the oven.

The old woman said, "Stop!"

The girl said, "Stop!"

The boy said, "Stop!"

The cat said, "Stop!"

The hen said, "Stop!"

The gingerbread man came to a river.

The fox said he would help the gingerbread man to cross the river.

The fox said, "Stand on my tail."

The fox said, "Stand on my back."

The fox said, "Stand on my nose."



All About Foxes

Vocabulary

Tricl	W	WO	rds
	` y	***	. 43

A	Trace and then copy the words.

1	do	do	do	9	37	2	à
	5355						

B Write do or to or so or no in each sentence.

- 1 Jenny said, "I want _____ draw a fox."
- 2 Mum said, "Sorry, we have _____ time to draw."
- 3 Jenny said, "Where _____ foxes sleep?"
- 4 "They must get _____ cold," she added.

Punctuation

Spaces between words

To make sentences easier to read we leave **spaces** between words.

A	Write each	h sentence	with a	snace	hetween	the	word	c
4	write euci	ii sentence	with u	space	Detween	uie	word	3

- 1 Isawafoxoutside.
- 2 Ithadapointednoseandabushytail.



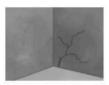
ck endings

A Do these word sums.

The first one has been done to help you.

B Add the missing letter, then write the word.

The first one has been done for you.



crack





-



0.

Add ing to each of these words ending in ck.

Grammar

Doing words - present progressive tense

The words am, is and are help to make lots of doing words.

am + verb family name + ing I am reading a book about foxes.

is + verb family name + ing The fox is eating some fruit.

are + verb family name + ing We are learning about foxes.

A Read the words.

am reading is eating is running am sleeping are singing is kicking

Doing words are called **verbs**.

B Look at the pictures.

Write the doing words that match each picture.

1



You ______.

2



I _____

3



She ______.

4



The cat _____

5



The fox ______.



He ______,



Writing facts

Write	a	factsheet	a	bout	a	pet.

Draw a picture of a pet animal and add facts to each section.

Vhere they live	What they look like	
	_	
	1 1	
	-	
	_	
		_
Vhat they eat	Where they sleep	
mat arey eac	Where they steep	
	- -	
	1 1	

Vocabulary

Days of the week

- Write the missing days of the week in the table.
- B Write what you do on each day.

Day of the week	What I do
Monday	I go to
Wednesday	
Saturday	

Punctuation

Capital letters – days of the week

Special naming words begin with capital letters.

Days of the week are also special naming words.

Harry and Basma's birthday is on **S**aturday I5th June.

Special naming words are **proper nouns**.



A	٨٨٨	+h ~	capital	lattors
	Auu	uie	capitat	terrers.

- 1 ____unday 2 ____onday 3 ___uesday 4 ___ednesday
- 5 ____hursday 6 ____riday 7 ____aturday

Spelling

ee and ea words

A	Write	a ı	rhyr	ning	word	from	the	box.

team seed sea tree

Often **ee** and **ea** have the same sound.



1 bee rhymes with _____



2 tea rhymes with _____



3 need rhymes with _____





4 dream rhymes with _____

B) What am I? Write the **ee** or **ea** word from the box.

dream tree bee sea team

- 1 I am an insect.
- 2 I happen when you are asleep.
- 3 I grow and have leaves.
- 4 I am wet and ships sail on me.
- 5 I am a group of people.
- Write a rhyming word for each of these.
 - 1 feet _____
 - 2 seal _____
 - 3 green _____
 - 4 seal _____





Joining words

Joining words are We use joining words to join sentences. called conjunctions. Sentence I: We will meet in the park. Sentence 2: We will play team games. You can make **one sentence** by using **and**. You need one capital We will meet in letter and one full stop. the park and play team games. Output Description in the property of the p 1 They go to the park and they play games. 2 The children eat cake and they wear party hats. 3 Basma dances on Tuesday and plays football on Friday. B Join the sentences with and. 1 Basma went to the cinema. She enjoyed the film. 2 Harry saw his grandparents. He told them about the party. Write two sentences about the picture. Join your sentences with and.



Writing

Writing about a party

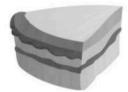
1 Write about a party you have been to. Answer these questions first. Write notes.



b Who was at the party?



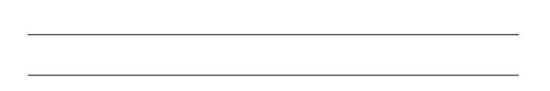
- c Did you enjoy the party?
- d What did you eat?



e What did you do?



2 Now write about the party.





UNIT Growing Up

Vocabulary

Body words

Oraw a line to match the name of the body part with its picture.

ankle

wrist

shoulder



knee

nose

elbow

These letters are muddled body parts.

Can you sort the letters to make a body part?

Punctuation)

Capital letters, full stops and question marks

A sentence starts with a capital letter.

Telling sentences end with a full stop. Asking sentences end with a question mark. This is my sister. Is this your sister?

A Finish each sentence with a full stop or a question mark.

- 1 I hurt my foot ____ 2 Are your eyes brown ____
- 3 Is your hair wet ___ 4 We shook hands ___
- Write a telling sentence about your eyes.

Write an asking sentence about hands.

Spelling

i-e, ie, igh and y words

Write a rhyming word from the box.

cry slide fly night thigh rice

Listen carefully, i-e, ie, igh and y can have the same sound.



1 light rhymes with _____



2 dry rhymes with _____



3 price rhymes with _____



4 sly rhymes with _____



5 bride rhymes with _____



Write as many words with igh as you can.

high

Finish these words. Add igh or y.

1 fl ____ t 3 sp ____

4 fl ____ t 5 m ____

6 s _____ t

7 sh _____

8 l ____ t 9 br ____ t



More than one

We add s to lots of naming words when we mean more than one.

one eye two eyes

If a naming word ends in ch, sh, s or x we add es.
Cubs are young foxes.

One is **singular**. More than one is **plural**.



A Fill in the missing naming words.

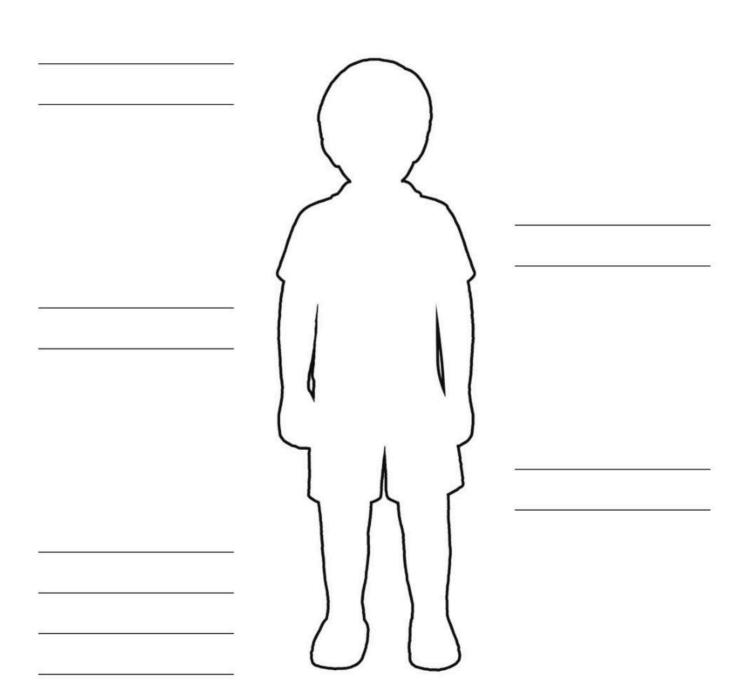
one	more than one	one	more than one
1 neck		2 torch	
3 box	u 1	4 knee	
5 bush		6 glass	·
7 wrist		8 arm	
9 watch		10 head	

- Write the singular naming word for each of these.
 - 1 three classes one _____
 - 2 five buses one _____
 - 3 two foxes one _____
- Write a sentence of your own using the word **boxes**.



Writing a description

- 1 Draw on this outline and colour it so it looks like a friend or someone in your family.
- 2 Add labels with arrows to describe how they look.



(Vocabulary)

Tricky words

		10		969		32
A	Trace	and	copy	the	word	ls.

1 come come ______

2 some some ______ ____

3 give give _____

4 live live _____

B Write come or some, live or give in each gap.

1 If you ______ to my house today we will make _____ jelly.

2 I ______ near my friend.

3 I will _____ her ____ of my pancakes.

Punctuation

Making sentences

We can put words together to make sentences.

Make + a + pancake = Make a pancake.

We can add more words to make a longer sentence.

We should make a pancake for your grandmother.

Add some more words to make each sentence longer.

You can make **telling sentences** or **asking sentences**.

Remember your full stop or question mark.



1 I like jelly.

2 He makes pancakes.

3 The jelly is red.

Spelling

er, ir and ur words

Write the er, ir or ur word to match each picture. Remember **er**, **ir** and **ur** can make the same sound in words.



	perch	bird	nurse	kerb	surf	shirt	fur	stir	her
1		*	2			3			
4	J	•	5	E.		6			
7			8			9			

B Finish this short story with er, ir and ur words.

One day a pipe b_____ in the road. This made a poor old

b_____ fall off its p____ and h____ its beak.

A n_____ in a smart sh____ came to help.



Grammar

Joining words

We use joining words to join sentences.

Sentence I: Cook the pancake.

Sentence 2: Eat the pancake.

You can make one sentence by using and.

Cook the pancake and eat the pancake.

You need one capital letter and one full stop.

Joining words are called **conjunctions**.

- Underline the joining word in each sentence.
 - 1 I made jelly and we ate all of it.
 - 2 The jelly wobbled and fell off the plate.
 - 3 Mum stirred the pancake and Dad tossed it.
- B Join each pair of sentences with and.
 - 1 I like jelly. I like ice cream.

Remember!
You only need
one capital
letter and one
full stop.

- 2 Mum made jelly. Dad made a cake.
- Write a sentence of your own about your favourite food.
 Use the word and.









Food poems

Add your own words to complete the poems. Write about a food you like.

-	_ on the Plate	
on the plate,		
on the plate,		
on the place,		
,	,	

The .		- 1000	
	a	,	
	a	,	
Pop it in			
	the		
	the	, i	



Jack and the Special Beans

(Vocabulary)

Opposites

- Add the right opposite word to the sentences.
 - 1 Jack is _____ that he is in trouble.

happy unhappy

2 Jack's garden is _____

tidy untidy

3 Jack's Mother thinks Jack was _____ to bring the beans home.

wise unwise





Write three more opposite words beginning with un.

Punctuation

Exclamation marks

All sentences begin with a capital letter.

Telling sentences end with a full stop.

Asking sentences end with a question mark.

We use an exclamation mark to show when people are:

shouting Help!

cross Go away!

surprised Look at that!

A End each sentence with a full stop or question mark or an exclamation mark.

1 Mother: Where are you____

2 Jack: I don't want to go out today____

3 Mother: Do as you are told____

4 Jack: It's not fair____

Spelling

oa, o-e, oe and ow words

Sort the words into the table.

show note road flow broke grow goat smoke coat

ow words	o-e words
	ow words

- Add another word to each group in the table.
- Cook carefully at this picture.

There are nine oa, ow and o-e words to find.

Complete the words.



- **1** c___t
- **2** g___t
- 3 r___d

- 4 st___n__
- 5 sm__k__
- 6 n__t_

- 7 wind_____
- 8 cr_____
- 9 rainb_____

Grammar

Doing words - past simple tense

Some **doing words** tell us what people, animals and things **did** in the **past**.

We make these **doing words** like this: Verb family name + **ed** need + **ed** = needed We **needed** money to get food!

This is the **simple past tense**.



- Output Description of the Lorentz Description
 - 1 Jack and his mother needed food.
 - 2 Jack walked to the market.
 - 3 The old man looked at the cow.
 - 4 Jack swapped the cow for some beans.
 - 5 Jack's mother shouted at him.

The first one is done for you.



B Do the word sums. Make the doing words.

1 to look + ed <u>looked</u>

2 to shout + ed _____

3 to plant + ed _____

4 to mix + ed _____

5 to play + ed _____

(Use this **doing word** in a sentence of your own.

wanted



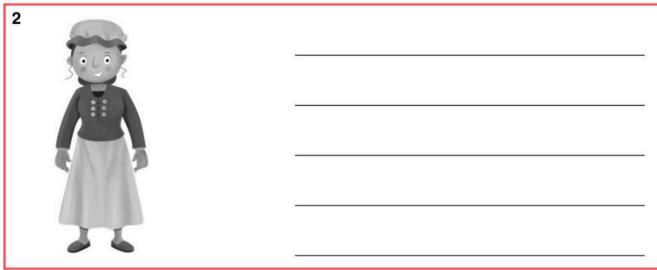
Writing descriptions

- 1 Describe Jack.
- 2 Describe his mother.
- 3 Describe their home.

Use as many **describing** words as you can.







3

13

How to Make Ice Lollies

Vocabulary

		• • •	•		
More	word	s with	nin	word	zk

A	Write all	l the small	words	you	can	find	in	these words.	
---	-----------	-------------	-------	-----	-----	------	----	--------------	--

1 today _____

2 some _____

3 party _____

4 care _____

B What am I?

1 I am not young. I'm found in folding. _____

2 I am very sharp. I'm found in spin. _____

3 I am eaten. I'm found in price. _____

4 I am used to unlock. I'm found in monkey.

Punctuation

Punctuating sentences

All sentences begin with a capital letter.

Telling sentences end with a **full stop**. I like ice lollies.

Asking sentences end with a **question mark**. **Do** you like ice lollies?

Exclamation sentences end with an exclamation mark. My ice lolly melted!

End each sentence with a full stop or question mark or an exclamation mark.

1 You need juice to make an ice lolly____

2 Where is the ice-lolly mould____

3 Can I have an ice lolly____

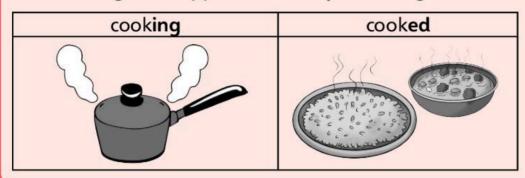
4 It's freezing____



ing and ed endings

Remember...

If something is happening now the doing word often ends with ing.
If something has happened already the doing word often ends in ed.



A Finish this table.

	+ ing	+ ed
1 pour		
2 mix		
3 help		
4 talk		
5 jump		

- B Add ing or ed to each of these doing words and use it in a sentence.
 - 1 brush
 - 2 work
 - 3 play
 - 4 watch



Naming words – using the suffix er

Naming words are the name of things. water juice We can make naming words from doing words by adding r or er. naming word doing word to freeze freezer A Match the **naming words** in the box with the correct picture. driver rider shopper 2 1 3 Make these doing word into naming words. 1 to walk ______ 2 to call _____ 3 to clean ______ 4 to sweep _____ Use two of the naming words you have made in Activity B in sentences of your own. 1 _____



Writing instructions

Write the instructions for how to make a lemon drink.

- 1 Look carefully at these pictures.
- 2 Write a list of the things you will need to make a lemon drink.

70 Table 21		
You will need:		
	-	
	()	

3 Now write instructions for each of the pictures.

The words in the word box may help.

stir pour lemon slice glass fill water squeeze ice drink add

1	Curs	
2		
	The state of the s	
3		
		<u>u</u>
4	A SIN	

14 Tigers

Vocabulary

Hunting for more words!

We use these words many times when we write:

and in is it that of was as but had him his on are

Look at the sentences.

Circle the words from the box in the sentences.

- 1 Tigers like being on their own.
- 2 Is it true that tigers hunt at night?
- 3 Are tigers and cats from the same animal family?
- B Add the missing words from the word box.
 - 1 We _____ learning about tigers.
 - 2 Did you know that they _____ part ____ the cat family?
 - 3 They hunt _____ live ____ their own.

Punctuation

Special naming words

Special naming words begin with capital letters.

Names of places are special naming words.

India Siberia

Special naming words are proper nouns.

A These are the names of countries in the world.

Write them with capital letters.

- 1 india _____
- 2 sri lanka_____
- 3 thailand _____
- 4 malaysia_____
- 5 pakistan _____
- 6 bahrain _____



y endings

Write the y word to match each picture.

fluffy fruity sandy stormy messy rocky 1 2 3 4 5 Copy the smaller word in each of these words. The first one has been done to help you. 1 smelly ____smell 2 dusty _____ 4 cloudy _____ 3 rusty **5** salty 6 sleepy _____ 7 milky **8** bushy _____ \bigcirc Choose two of the words ending in \mathbf{y} to write into sentences.



Writing sentences

When we write a few sentences we can tell a story or give information.

These sentences give us information.

Tigers are big cats.

Most tigers live in hot places such as India.

Some tigers live in cold places such as Siberia.



	Write three sentences about yourself.	
B	Write three sentences about your family or friends.	
		-





Writing a Fact File

Write a Fact File on elephants.

You could use books or websites to find the information.

Fact File on el	ephants
	J
What elephants look like	
-	
-	
How elephants live	
-	
-	-3
What elephants eat	*

15

An Old Red Hat

(Vocabulary)

Question words



Circle the words that can begin questions.

what where made how big you it is when have they why and who you can

B Choose three question words beginning with wh. Write three questions using the words.

Punctuation

Punctuating sentences

You have learned these punctuation marks.

!

Add the missing punctuation.

Ada had a nest_____ It had three eggs in it_____

Mum said, "What's that____"

Ada said it was a nest____

Mum said, "That's my old red hat_____'

Spelling

oo, u-e, ue and ew words

Write the rhyming word.

1	root rh	ymes with	- <u> </u>
		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O	



2 chute rhymes with _____



3 threw rhymes with _____



4 blue rhymes with _____



5 spoon rhymes with _____



What am I?

Write the word.

		2.2	25		
spoon	moon	blue	pool	flute	June
7.			-	,	

1 I am a month.

2 I am a colour.

3 You can play music on me.

4 I can be seen at night.

5 You can swim in me. _____

6 You use me to eat.

Grammar

Doing words - past simple tense

Some **doing words** tell us what people, animals and things **did** in the **past**.

We make these doing words like this:

verb family name + ed ask + ed = asked

"What have you got there?" she asked.

If the verb family name ends in **e**, just add **d**.



1



2



3



Add ed or d to these doing words.

- 1 touch____
- 2 taste____
- 3 like_____
- 4 mix____
- **5** help_____
- 6 play_____
- 7 live_____
- 8 need____
- 9 wobble_____
- **10** hope_____

Our own.

1 asked

2 smiled



Describing characters

rite a list of words to describe the character.	What does the characte look like
	Is the characte kind or mean?
se your words to write three sentences about the ch	

воок 1

Word Practice

Number words

Trace and write the number words.

Colour the numbers.

1	one	one	
2	two	two	7

(S)				
5	three	three	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

4	four	four	
5-70 G			



ten	ten	
LEIL	LEIL	

0

Colour words

Trace and write the colour words.

Colour words are describing words.

Describing words are called **adjectives**.



Colour the circles with the right colour.

red	red		
blue	blue		
green	green	 3	
yellow	yellow		
pink	pink		
black	black		
orange	orange		
brown	brown		
purple	purple		
grey	grey		

Naming words

Trace and write the naming words. Colour the pictures.





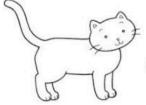
ball

ball _____



bike

bike



cat



cloud cloud ______

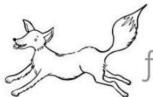


doll

doll _____

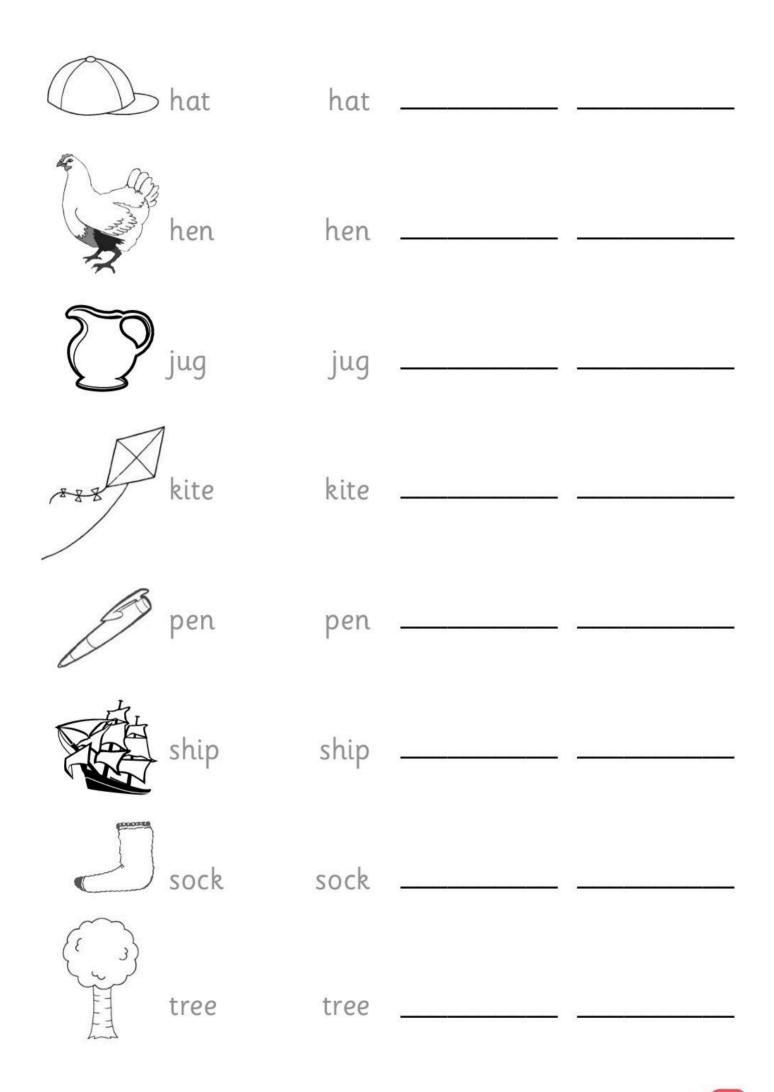


duck _____



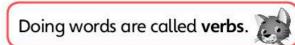


qoat



Doing words

Trace and write the doing words.





clean clean _____



cook cook _____



eat

eat _____



give

give _____



hear

hear _____



kick

kick _____



mix

mix _____



pick

pick _____



plant plant ______



play play _____



read read _____



run run _____



smell smell _____



🌿 shout shout _____ ___



sleep sleep _____



taste taste _____

Question words

Trace and write the question words.

We use a question mark? to end an asking sentence.





what what ______



when when ______



where where _____



who _____



why

Add a question word to each asking sentence.

_____ is in that box?

_____ do you get up?

_____ are you going?

_____ is that person in the picture?

_____is a rainbow different colours?

Days of the week words

Trace and write the days of the week. Remember to use a capital letter. Days of the week are proper nouns.



Monday	Monday	2
Tuesday	Tuesday	
Wednesday	Wednesday	
Thursday	Thursday	<u> </u>
Friday	Friday	
Saturday	Saturday	s
Sunday	Sunday	



воок 1

Glossary

- **adjective (describing word)** a word that tells us more about someone or something
- capital letter a large letter used at the start of a name or at the start of a sentence – for example: A. B. C
- conjunction (joining word) a word used to join two sentences – for example: and
- **consonant** all the letters in the alphabet that are not vowels (a, e, i, o u)
- **dictionary** a list of words and their meanings, in alphabetical order
- exclamation mark a punctuation mark (!) used at the end of a sentence when the sentence shows surprise, fear or excitement
- **full stop** a punctuation mark (.) used at the end of a telling sentence
- **noun (naming word)** a word that tells us the name of something
- **opposite** a word that describes something that is the most different from something else – for example: hot/cold; up/down

- **plural** when there is more than one
- **proper noun** a special naming word, used for names of people, places and days of the week; proper nouns start with a capital letter
- **punctuation mark** marks used to help us read and understand sentences
- **question** an asking sentence that ends with a question mark (?)
- **question mark** a punctuation mark (?) used at the end of a question (asking sentence)
- **rhyme** when words have a similar sound for example: *sky* and *fly*
- singular when there is only one
- suffix a word ending
- **telling sentence** a sentence that ends with a full stop
- **tense** tells us when something happens in the past, the present or the future
- verb (doing word) a word that tells us what someone or something is doing
- vowel the letters a, e, i, o u



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Nelson English provides a whole-school programme for teaching the core literacy skills in an integrated way, including comprehension skills, writing, grammar, punctuation, spelling and vocabulary. The course features texts from a wide range of genres, including fiction and non-fiction – allowing children to practise and develop their skills in a variety of contexts.

The course provides:

- Differentiated activities offering plenty of practice, extension and reinforcement
- A clear progression and full curriculum coverage
- Support for assessing children's ongoing progress and attainment

This Workbook provides:

- Tips and reminders to support learning
- Write-in activities offering extra practice
- Planning support for extended writing tasks
- A list of useful grammatical terms

Workbook 1

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