## Some highly unofficial explorations in Chinook Jargon

or.

Tenas hiyu delate wake kahkwa tyee nanitch kopa Chinook wawa

#### A. Intricacies of Translation

The following invocation from Golden Dawn (and COTS) ritual will be familiar to all in the original:

Hyas mika, Saghalie Tyee! Hyas mika, illahee halo mamook mika! Hyas mika, skookum ikt kopa konaway, Towagh pe polaklie tyee!

Literally translated, this comes out:

Great (are) you, Chief (of) the heavens! Great (are) you, the land (did/does) not make you! Great (are) you, strong(er) one than everything, Light and darkness chief!

#### Some notes:

Hyas mika: there is no Jargon equivalent for the word "holy." The words tah and tamanaous mean "spirit, spiritual, magical" but are as applicable to the lowest aspects as to the highest. Kloshe, which Platonically enough means both "good" and "beautiful", might have been suitable, but hyas, "great" or "preeminent", was my choice here. Partly this is an attempt to imitate the Cabalistic Hebrew distinction between qadosh, "holy" but also implying the absolute transcendence of the divine, and baruch, "blessed" but also implying the involvement of the divine in the world, and thus its "goodness" (in human terms).

Saghalie Tyee: the closest equivalent for "universe" in Jargon is konaway illahee konaway kah, "all place all where". This seemed a little clunky for a poetic invocation, so I fell back on the standard Jargon term for God, which literally means "chief above" or "chief of the heavens".

Illahee: there is no Jargon term for "nature." In fact, there are damn few abstract nouns of any kind whatsoever. The closest I could get is *illahee*, which means "earth" in all senses — "land, country, place" but also "dirt, mud, soil." One could make a virtue of a necessity and suggest that this term allows a much more concrete sense of Nature than the highly abstract English word provides.

skookum ikt kopa konaway: there's only one word for "big" and I already used it as a replacement for "holy," so "the Vast and the Mighty One" won't work literally. Skookum is "powerful" in every sense, and has a connotation of "spiritually powerful"; ikt is the number one, but also connotes unity, aloneness, and existence (a Chinook Neoplatonist text might well use okoke ikt, "that one," as a clear translation for the Greek TO EV). Kopa konaway is the usual Jargon superlative construction, meaning approximately "than everything".

### B. Elemental Symbolism

There is, typically, no Jargon word for "element" or any similar idea. There are also no single words for the directions, seasons, or times of day, and no words for general categories such as "tool", "weapon" or "virtue". (See what I mean about the lack of abstract nouns?) In addition, the total color vocabulary of the Jargon consists of four words, only one of which corresponds to one of our divisions of the spectrum. Still, I have attempted the chart below. I have referred to the elemental working tooks as "keys," for want of any better word, divided up the colors as the language allows, and fumbled my way through the necessary constructions for the others.

# Lakit Elip Iktas (Four first things)

	<i>Piah</i> (fire)	$egin{aligned} Koosah \ ( ext{sky}) \end{aligned}$	Wecoma (sea)	<i>Illahee</i> (earth)
Huloima nem (other names)	$egin{aligned} Olapitsi \ ( ext{fire}) \end{aligned}$	Wind (wind)	Chuck (water)	
Tamanous lekleh (magical key)	Stick (stick)	<i>Opitsah</i> (knife)	Ooskan (cup or pot)	Malah (dish)
Ikt cole yaka laly	waum illahee	tenas waum illahee	tenas cole illahee	cole illahee
(a year, its time)	(warm country)		(little cold country)	(cold country)
Ikt sun yaka laly (a day, its time)	sitkum sun (half day)	tenas sun (young day)	oleman sun (old day)	sitkum polaklie (half night)
Delate klatawa	kah sun elip saghalie kopa konaway	kah sun chako	kah sun klatawa	kah sun halo mitlite
(straight go away)	(where sun is higher than anywhere)	(where sun comes)	(where sun goes)	(where sun does not stay)
Mamook kloshe kopa tamanous	klap tumtu	m kumtux	mamook skookum	kopet wawa
(make good at magic)	) (make up o reach hea	rt)	tumtum (make strong hear	(stop talk) t)
Tzum (color)	pil (red, yellow	tkope ) (white)	spooh (pale, faded)	klale (dark — blue, green or black)

The element of spirit would probably be Tah, which is a general word for a supernatural being or thing. Tamanaous (variously spelled; my dictionary gives tahmahnahwis) is primarily one's guardian spirit, secondarily magic of any kind, luck, special power. A magician is tamanous man or tamanous klootchman (depending on gender), although there are two other words: keelaly, which is translated "medicine man", and etamana, translated "prophet"; I am not sure of the

proper meanings of these, although I suspect "shaman" and "diviner" come close.

An angel would be saghalie tamanous, elementals piah tamanous, koosah tamanous, etc; one's higher self would be tamanous self (this latter word having been borrowed from English as an all-purpose reflexive). There are also ekone, defined in my dictionary as the Good Spirit, and ekutoch, the Evil Spirit; what these might actually have been I have no clue. Another word for spirit, which was used specifically for nasty wendigo-type things that wander around at night looking for human prey, is tsialko or seealko; I'm not sure what this would work out to in standard Western magical terminology. There is also the word deaub, "devil," borrowed from the French.

Just for the sake of completeness, it should be mentioned that the *delate klatawa* (direction) of Tah is katsuk (middle). "Lodge" would probably have to be ipsoot house, "secret house," and "Order" would have to be tillicum, which is any group of people; the Companions of the Stone might be stone yaka tillicum, "stone, its people." The Hidden Sun is ipsoot otelagh (this latter is an older and more specific word for the sun, not used for "day" as well).

### C. For the really brave

The following text is given without translation, for those who have (or may want to pick up) Jargon dictionaries. Enjoy!

# Tenas tamanous kopa kwinnum keepwot tsiltsil, yaka mamook mahsh

- 1. Mitwhit kopa kweokweo yaka katsuk. Mamook tamanous lacloa.
- 2. Klatawa kopa kah sun chako. Mamook kwinnum keepwot tsiltsil, mahsh saghalie kopa illahee yaka keepwot. Pe mamook hullel wawa, "YHVH."
- 3. Mamook sitkum yaka sitkum kweokweo kopa kah sun elip kopa konaway. Mamook delate kahkwa tsiltsil yahwa pe mamook hullel wawa, "ADNI."
- 4. Mamook delate kahkwa kopa kah sun klatawa, pe mamook hullel wawa "AHIH." Mamook kahkwa kopa sun halo mitlite, pe mamook hullel wawa, "AGLA." Mamook kopet kopa kah sun chako, pe killapi kopa katsuk.
- 5. Mahsh mokst lamah kahkwa lacloa. Wawa kahkwa: "Elip nika, Raphael; kimtah nika, Gabriel; kopa kloshe lamah, Michael; kopa huloima lamah, Auriel. Kehwa lowullo nika kwinnum keepwot tsiltsil mamook piah, pe kopa nika taghum keepwot tsiltsil mamook towagh. Kloshe kahkwa!"
- 6. Mamook weght tamanous lacloa. Kloshe kopet tenas laly pe nanitch kahta tamanous mamook.

### D. A final note

Weird though this stuff is, it is not without its value, and readers of Owen Barfield (among others) will recognize how close it brings us to the roots of language, thought and magic. *Kloshe kahkwa*!